iMedix: Your Personal Health Advisor.

Generic Levitra 20mg

Levitra (vardenafil) is a prescription tablet designed to address erectile dysfunction (ED) by supporting natural erectile function during sexual arousal. As part of the PDE5 inhibitor class, it helps men achieve and maintain erections but does not cure ED or enhance sexual desire.

ActiveIngredient: VardenafilDosageForm: Oral tablets

• **Dosage:** 20 mg (also available in 5 mg, 10 mg)

• Indications: Erectile dysfunction

• Manufacturer: Bayer AG

• Storage: Store at 20–25°C, away from moisture and direct light

• Market Price: 1.39

• Drug Status: Prescription Only

Description

What is Levitra? Levitra (vardenafil) is an FDA-approved oral therapy for erectile dysfunction (ED). Unlike hormonal treatments, it targets the physiological processes required for an erection by enhancing blood vessel relaxation in the penis. This temporary effect occurs only when combined with sexual stimulation. Active Ingredient and Mechanism Vardenafil inhibits the PDE5 enzyme, which regulates blood flow in erectile tissue. By blocking PDE5, it promotes the accumulation of cyclic GMP—a molecule that relaxes penile blood vessels—improving circulation during arousal. This mechanism is inactive without sexual excitement. Brand vs. Generic Levitra is the original brand-name product. Generic versions (e.g., Vardenafil Hydrochloride) are bioequivalent and rigorously tested for consistency in potency and safety. Available Forms The medication is supplied as orange, film-coated tablets. The 20 mg dose is standard for most patients, though lower strengths are available for those with health concerns like cardiovascular issues. Unique Features Faster onset (as early as 25 minutes) compared to some ED medications. Less impacted by moderate-fat meals than older PDE5 inhibitors. Shorter half-life (4–5 hours) reduces the risk of prolonged side effects.

General Instructions

When prescribed Levitra, follow these guidelines for safe and effective use: Administration: Take Levitra orally, with or without food, as directed by your doctor. Swallow the tablet whole with water. Do not crush, chew, or split it. Timing: For erectile dysfunction, take the tablet 30–60 minutes before anticipated sexual activity. Effects typically last 4–5 hours, but individual responses may vary. Dosage Compliance: Adhere strictly to the prescribed dose (usually 20 mg once daily). Never exceed one dose in 24 hours. Do not adjust the dose without consulting your doctor, especially if you have liver/kidney issues or take interacting medications. Sexual Stimulation Requirement: Levitra facilitates erections only with sexual arousal. It will not work spontaneously. Alcohol and Food Interactions: Avoid excessive alcohol, as it may worsen side effects like dizziness or low blood pressure. High-fat meals may delay the medication's onset. Opt for lighter meals if timing is critical. Storage and Handling: Store tablets in their original packaging at room temperature (20–25°C), away from moisture and direct light. Keep out of reach of children and pets. Critical Reminders:

Levitra does not protect against sexually transmitted infections. Counterfeit versions may lack active ingredients or contain dangerous substances. Purchase only from licensed pharmacies. To ensure safety and effectiveness: Follow your doctor's instructions carefully. Report any unusual symptoms or lack of response to your healthcare provider.

Side Effects

Common Side Effects Most side effects are mild and temporary. These may include: Headache Flushing (redness/warmth in the face or chest) Stuffy or runny nose Indigestion or upset stomach Dizziness Less Common Effects Some users experience: Back pain or muscle aches Blurred vision or increased light sensitivity Nausea Mild rash Serious Reactions (Seek Immediate Help) Discontinue Levitra and contact a doctor if you develop: Priapism: A prolonged, painful erection lasting over 4 hours (risk of permanent tissue damage). Sudden vision loss: A rare but serious condition linked to NAION (non-arteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy). Hearing loss or ringing in the ears (tinnitus). Signs of a heart attack: Chest pain, shortness of breath, irregular heartbeat. Severe allergic reaction: Swelling of the face/tongue, difficulty breathing, hives. Managing Side Effects Stay hydrated to reduce headaches or dizziness. Avoid alcohol or heavy meals, which may worsen indigestion or flushing. Report persistent or worsening symptoms to your healthcare provider. Counterfeit Drug Risks Fake Levitra tablets often contain incorrect doses of vardenafil, undisclosed stimulants (e.g., sildenafil), or toxic fillers. These can trigger severe side effects like dangerously low blood pressure, irregular heartbeats, or vision damage.

Uses

Approved Medical Use Levitra (vardenafil) is prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction (ED) in adult men. It helps achieve and maintain an erection sufficient for sexual activity only when combined with sexual stimulation. How It Addresses ED Mechanism: By relaxing blood vessels in the penis, Levitra improves blood flow during arousal, enabling a natural erectile response. Scope: Effective for ED caused by physical factors (e.g., diabetes, cardiovascular issues) or psychological factors (e.g., stress, anxiety). Limitations: Does not cure ED, boost libido, or protect against sexually transmitted infections. Important Clarifications Not for Recreational Use: Levitra is not approved for enhancing sexual performance in men without ED. No Hormonal Effects: Unlike testosterone therapies, it does not address hormonal imbalances. Critical Warnings Counterfeit Risks: Fake Levitra tablets may contain incorrect doses, toxic additives (e.g., talcum powder), or dangerous substitutes (e.g., sildenafil). These can cause life-threatening complications like heart attacks or vision loss. Off-Label Use: Never use Levitra for unapproved conditions (e.g., pulmonary hypertension) without explicit medical guidance. Lifestyle Integration Levitra works best as part of a holistic ED management plan, which may include: Addressing underlying health issues (e.g., hypertension, diabetes). Reducing alcohol/tobacco use. Managing stress or anxiety through counseling.

Safety advice

Interactions Alcohol:

- Use with caution
- Combining alcohol with Levitra may increase dizziness, headaches, or low blood pressure. Limit alcohol intake to reduce these risks.

Interactions Other Medications:

- Consult your doctor
- Levitra can interact dangerously with nitrates (e.g., nitroglycerin), alpha-blockers (e.g., tamsulosin), and certain antifungals (e.g., ketoconazole). Inform your doctor about all medications, including overthe-counter drugs and supplements.

Special Groups Pregnancy:

- Unsafe
- Levitra is prescribed only to men. However, men should notify their doctor if their partner is pregnant, as sexual activity may require medical considerations.

Special Groups Breastfeeding:

- Unsafe
- Levitra is not used by women, and there is no data on its effects during breastfeeding.

Special Groups Elderly:

- Use with caution
- Older adults may experience heightened sensitivity to side effects (e.g., dizziness). Lower doses (5–10 mg) are often recommended, especially for those with liver/kidney impairment.

Special Groups Children:

- Unsafe
- Levitra is not approved for use in individuals under 18 years old.

Effects on Activities Driving:

- Use with caution
- Levitra may cause dizziness, blurred vision, or sudden drops in blood pressure. Avoid driving until you understand how the medication affects you.

Effects on Activities Operating Machinery:

- Use with caution
- Similar to driving, refrain from operating heavy machinery until you confirm no adverse effects (e.g., impaired coordination) occur.

Concerns

Key Concerns When Considering Levitra Cardiovascular Risks: Levitra increases cardiac demand during sexual activity. Patients with heart disease, angina, or a history of stroke must use it cautiously under medical supervision. Interaction with Nitrates: Combining Levitra with nitrates (e.g., nitroglycerin) can cause lifethreatening hypotension. This combination is strictly prohibited. Use in Women and Children: Levitra is approved only for adult men. It is unsafe for women, children, and adolescents under 18. Underlying Conditions: Men with sickle cell anemia, leukemia, multiple myeloma, or a history of priapism (prolonged erection) face increased priapism risks. Consult a doctor before use. Renal/Hepatic Impairments: Levitra is metabolized by the liver and excreted by the kidneys. Severe impairment may require dose adjustments or avoidance. Alcohol Consumption: Excessive alcohol may worsen side effects (e.g., dizziness, low blood pressure) and reduce efficacy. Limit intake. Vision/Hearing Changes: Rare cases of sudden vision loss (NAION) or hearing impairment have been reported. Seek immediate help for symptoms like blurred vision, tinnitus, or deafness. When Not to Use Levitra Known Allergies: Avoid if allergic to vardenafil or any tablet ingredients. Nitrate Medications: Absolute contraindication with nitrates (e.g., for angina). Recent Cardiovascular Events: Do not use after a heart attack, stroke, or life-threatening arrhythmia within the past 6 months. Severe Heart Conditions: Avoid if diagnosed with unstable angina, heart failure, or uncontrolled hypertension. Severe Liver/Kidney Disease: Contraindicated in severe hepatic impairment (e.g., cirrhosis) or advanced kidney failure. Low Blood Pressure (Hypotension): Levitra may exacerbate dangerously low BP. Eye Disorders: Avoid with hereditary retinal diseases (e.g., retinitis pigmentosa) due to vision loss risks. Priapism History: Prior episodes of prolonged erection increase the risk of recurrence. Critical Reminders Levitra does not protect against STIs. Counterfeit versions may lack proper warnings or contain harmful additives. Always disclose all medical conditions and medications to your doctor.

Warnings

Absolute Contraindications Do not use Levitra if you: Are taking nitrates (e.g., nitroglycerin, isosorbide) for chest pain or heart conditions. Have a known allergy to vardenafil or any tablet ingredients. Have severe liver or kidney disease (e.g., cirrhosis, dialysis-dependent kidney failure). Have a history of non-arteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy (NAION) or retinitis pigmentosa. Black Box Warning (FDA) Sudden Vision Loss: Rare cases of NAION, a condition causing permanent vision loss, have been reported with PDE5 inhibitors like Levitra. Risk factors include heart disease, diabetes, or pre-existing eye disorders. Discontinue use immediately if vision changes occur. Sudden Hearing Loss: Reports of sudden hearing impairment, sometimes with tinnitus or dizziness, have been linked to PDE5 inhibitors. Seek emergency care if symptoms arise. Dangerous Drug Interactions Nitrates: Combined use can cause fatal hypotension (severely low blood pressure). Alpha-Blockers (e.g., tamsulosin): Risk of dizziness or fainting due to additive blood pressurelowering effects. CYP3A4 Inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole, ritonavir): Increase vardenafil levels, raising overdose risks. Dose adjustments are mandatory. Cardiovascular Precautions Levitra may cause a temporary drop in blood pressure. Avoid use if you: Have unstable angina, heart failure, or uncontrolled hypertension. Experienced a heart attack, stroke, or life-threatening arrhythmia in the past 6 months. Priapism Risk An erection lasting longer than 4 hours requires immediate medical intervention to prevent permanent tissue damage. Higher doses or combining Levitra with other ED medications increases this risk. Psychiatric Risks Rare cases of anxiety, agitation, or suicidal thoughts have been reported. Discontinue use and seek help if mood or behavior changes occur. Critical Reminders Levitra is not for use in women, children, or adolescents. Counterfeit Alert: Fake tablets often omit critical warnings and may contain harmful substances like sildenafil or talcum powder. Always inform your doctor about all medications, supplements, and health conditions.

Dosage

Standard Adult Dosage Erectile Dysfunction (ED): Starting dose: 10 mg taken orally once daily, 25–60 minutes before sexual activity. Adjustment: Based on effectiveness and tolerance, the dose may be increased to 20 mg or reduced to 5 mg. Dosage Adjustments Elderly (65+): Initial dose: 5 mg due to potential slower metabolism and increased sensitivity to side effects. Hepatic Impairment: Mild to moderate impairment: Maximum 10 mg daily. Severe impairment (e.g., cirrhosis): Contraindicated. Renal Impairment: Mild to moderate: No adjustment needed. Severe (eGFR <30 mL/min): Use with caution; maximum 10 mg daily. Important Considerations Timing: Effects typically begin within 30 minutes and last up to 5 hours. Frequency: Do not take more than once in 24 hours. Administration: Swallow the tablet whole with water. Do not split or crush. Overdose Symptoms: Severe headache, prolonged erection (priapism), fainting, irregular heartbeat. Action: Seek emergency care immediately. Do not take additional doses. Critical Notes Avoid Self-Adjustment: Never increase the dose without medical approval, even if effects diminish. Counterfeit Risks: Fake Levitra may contain incorrect doses (e.g., 40 mg vardenafil) or unsafe substitutes, leading to overdose or life-threatening interactions.

Interactions

Drug-Drug Interactions Nitrates (e.g., nitroglycerin, isosorbide): Risk: Life-threatening drop in blood pressure. Mechanism: Combined vasodilation from both drugs can cause severe hypotension. Action: Absolute contraindication. Avoid use within 24 hours of nitrates. Alpha-Blockers (e.g., tamsulosin, doxazosin): Risk: Dizziness, fainting, or syncope. Mechanism: Additive blood pressure-lowering effects. Action: Use only under strict medical supervision; separate doses by 4–6 hours. CYP3A4 Inhibitors (e.g., ketoconazole, ritonavir): Risk: Increased vardenafil levels, raising overdose risks. Mechanism: Inhibit liver enzymes responsible for metabolizing Levitra. Action: Limit Levitra dose to 5 mg every 24 hours. Other PDE5 Inhibitors (e.g., sildenafil, tadalafil): Risk: Severe hypotension, priapism, or vision issues. Mechanism: Cumulative PDE5 inhibition amplifies side effects. Action: Never combine with other ED

medications. Drug-Food Interactions High-Fat Meals: Effect: Delays absorption, prolonging time to onset (up to 1 hour). Recommendation: Take Levitra on an empty stomach for faster results. Grapefruit/Grapefruit Juice: Effect: May increase vardenafil concentration via CYP3A4 inhibition. Recommendation: Avoid excessive consumption. Alcohol: Effect: Worsens dizziness, headaches, or orthostatic hypotension. Recommendation: Limit alcohol intake; avoid binge drinking. Drug-Supplement/Herb Interactions St. John's Wort: Effect: Reduces Levitra's efficacy by accelerating its metabolism. Recommendation: Avoid concurrent use. Stimulant Herbs (e.g., guarana, ephedra): Effect: May increase heart rate or blood pressure. Recommendation: Disclose herbal supplement use to your doctor. Impact of Interactions Reduced Effectiveness: CYP3A4 inducers (e.g., rifampin) lower vardenafil levels, diminishing its effects. Increased Toxicity: CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g., erythromycin) raise vardenafil levels, heightening side effect risks. Unpredictable Reactions: Counterfeit Levitra may contain undisclosed drugs (e.g., sildenafil) that interact dangerously with other medications. Critical Reminders Inform your doctor about all prescription drugs, over-the-counter medications, and supplements. Avoid grapefruit products and alcohol to minimize interaction risks. Counterfeit Alert: Fake tablets may contain unlisted ingredients (e.g., amphetamines) with unknown and hazardous interactions.

- •
- •
- •
- •

Other Details

Appearance Levitra 20 mg tablets are orange, film-coated, and oval-shaped. They are engraved with "BAYER" on one side and "20" on the reverse. Genuine tablets come in blister packs labeled with the manufacturer's branding (Bayer AG). Storage After Opening Keep tablets in their original blister pack or bottle to protect from moisture and light. Once opened, avoid transferring tablets to unmarked containers, as this increases misuse risks. Disposal Guidelines Do not flush or discard in household trash. Follow local regulations for safe disposal of controlled substances. Use pharmacy take-back programs or authorized disposal sites. Lab Test Interference Levitra may temporarily elevate liver enzyme levels (e.g., ALT, AST) in blood tests, potentially mimicking liver dysfunction. Inform your doctor and lab personnel that you are taking vardenafil. Additional Tips Counterfeit Identification: Check packaging for misspellings, faded ink, or missing holograms. Genuine Levitra has a distinct manufacturer seal. Travel Precautions: Carry a copy of your prescription to avoid legal issues or suspicions of misuse. Expiration Dates: Discard expired tablets, as their efficacy and safety cannot be guaranteed. Authenticity Verification Purchase only from licensed pharmacies with verifiable addresses. Look for the manufacturer's hologram and batch number on the packaging. Report suspicious packaging or unexpected side effects to regulatory authorities. Critical Reminder Counterfeit Levitra may lack active ingredients or contain harmful substances like talcum powder, sildenafil, or stimulants. These pose serious health risks, including heart attacks or organ damage.

References

MedlinePlus. Vardenafil. U.S. National Library of Medicine; 2023. [Updated 15 January 2023]. [Accessed 31 August 2024]. Available from: https://medlineplus.gov/druginfo/meds/a603035.html Mayo Clinic. Vardenafil (Oral Route). Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research; 2023. [Accessed 31 August 2024]. Available from: https://www.mayoclinic.org/drugs-supplements/vardenafil-oral-route/description/drg-20067107 Drugs.com. Vardenafil: Uses, Dosage, Side Effects. Drugs.com; 2024. [Updated 10 March 2024].

[Accessed 31 August 2024]. Available from: https://www.drugs.com/mtm/vardenafil.html WebMD. Levitra Oral: Uses, Side Effects, Interactions. WebMD LLC; 2023. [Accessed 31 August 2024]. Available from: https://www.webmd.com/drugs/2/drug-76765/levitra-oral/details

Disclaimer

Disclaimer: The information on this site is provided for informational purposes only and is not medical advice. It does not replace professional medical consultation, diagnosis, or treatment. Do not self-medicate based on the information presented on this site. Always consult with a doctor or other qualified healthcare professional before making any decisions about your health.